

The 4th International Seminar on Public Health Education (ISPHE 2018)

The Effect of Endurance Exercises Method to Increase VO2Max Wrestling Athlete in Indonesia

Rubianto Hadi
Department of Sports Coaching
Education,
Faculty of Sports Sciences,
Universitas Negeri Semarang
Semarang, Indonesia
rubianto_hd63@gmail.com

Hari Setijono
Department of Sports Coaching
Education,
Faculty of Sports Sciences,
Universitas Negeri Surabaya
Surabaya, Indonesia
harisetijono@yahoo.co.id

Soegiyanto
Department of Sports Sciences,
Faculty of Sports Sciences
Universitas Negeri Semarang,
Semarang, Indonesia
soegiyanto.ks@mail.unnes.ac.id

Setya Rahayu

Department of Sports Sciences,
Faculty of Sports Sciences,
Universitas Negeri Semarang,
Semarang, Indonesia
setyarahayu@mail.unnes.ac.id

Abstract— The results showed that VO2 Max as a whole result of pretest result 46,95%, result of test of Cycle I increased to equal to 49,43%, and result of Cycle II test become more good again reach 50,21%. The conclusion of this study is that the training interval method can to increase the VO2 Max Atlet Wrestling Program Indonesia Golden Games XXVII Myanmar 2013 so that its durability increases. The study's recommendation is to improve endurance athletes using interval training methods.

Keywords—VO2Max, endurance, interval training

I. INTRODUCTION

Sports wrestling is rarely heard echo in Indonesia, but the real fact is not so. Although not as popular as football, badminton or tennis, but this type of hard sport also still exist in Indonesia. Since the entry of new types of sports to Indonesia such as sumo, wushu, or other similar sports, wrestling is seeming abandoned. Though the history until the development of this sport in Indonesia through several stages is quite difficult, including its existence is almost completely eliminated since Japan came to bring sports like Judo and Kempo.

Until finally wrestling again popularized in 1959 with the match in Bandung. This physical exercise was also contested in the grand event of ASIAN GAMES IV in 1962 so that Indonesia should briefly establish a special wrestling association to recruit athletes and provide education / coaching for prospective athletes.

The association is called the All Amateur Wrestling Union of Indonesia or abbreviated as PGSI. The association was founded on February 7, 1960 and has hosted this branch sport until now. PGSI is under KONI and regularly conducts athlete training to participate in various championships both regionally and internationally [11].

The ability to work muscles or organs continuously over a period of time without experiencing excessive fatigue, in addition to endurance, endurance is one component of the physical condition that is highly needed in sports wrestling, for optimal athlete performance,

recovery and body compositions, athletes need diet and synchronous physical activity [3].

Endurance endurance ability / endurance one can do by measuring VO2Max, understanding VO2Max is a body system that transports oxygen by the blood pumped from the lungs to muscle tissue [1]. VO2 Max is a measure to determine the endurance of one's Kardiorespiratori. VO2 Max is the level of oxygen consumption during exercise. the body's need for oxygen is determined by the intensity (weight) of movement or exercise performance [4].

II. MATERIALS AND METHOD

The method used in this study is the experimental method, Experiments are activities that are planned and executed by researchers to collect data related to the hypothesis. The researcher deliberately and systematically introduces the treatments into natural phenomena and then observes the consequences of the treatment. Data were collected through a 15 minute / balke test to see the aerobic endurance capability of the test performed during preliminary tests, intercultural tests, and final tests, then the data were analyzed to determine the improvement of aerobic endurance. Data analysis using SPSS Program with a significant level of 0.05 to prove whether the action is done on the athlete wrestling is an increase or not.

III. RESULTS AND DISCUSSION

The results showed that VO2 Max as a whole result from pretest 46,95%, result of Cycle I test increased to equal to 49,43%, and result of Cycle II test become more good again reach 50,21%. VO2 Max results For More details can be seen in table 1.



TABLE I. DESCRIPTIVE STATISTICS DEPENDENT VARIABLE: VO2MAX

Test	STYLE	Std.		
		Mean	Deviation	N
Pretest	Gergo Roman	49,6250	1,17333	4
	FreeMan	48,9225	1,99251	4
	FreeWoman	42,3175	5,28747	4
	Total	46,9550	4,57203	12
Test	Gergo Roman	51,2875	1,45287	4
SIklus I	FreeMan	50,9725	2,45490	4
	Free Women	46,0250	1,92787	4
	Total	49,4283	3,09335	12
Test	Gergo Roman	52,1075	1,31206	4
Sik;lus 2	Free Man	51,8700	2,24643	4
	Free Woman	46,6575	2,07842	4
	Total	50,2117	3,15031	12
Total	Gergo Roman	51,0067	1,60754	12
	Free Man	50,5883	2,40058	12
	Free Woman	45,0000	3,71675	12
	Total	48,8650	3,83112	36

From the data above shows that the highest mean Vo2 Max is the Gergo Roman style exercise, which continues to increase from pretest, test result I and II test results, while the lowest is the women's freestyle exercise, To give a clearer picture can be seen in figure 1.

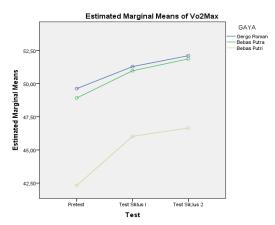


Fig 1. Hypothesis testing

From the calculation of variance analysis obtained summary as in the following table.

TABLE II. TEST OF BETWEEN SUBJECT EFFECTS DEPENDENT VARIABLE: VO2MAX

Source	Type III Sum of Squares	df	Mean Square	F	Sig.
Corrected Model	344,973 ^a	8	43,122	6,900	,000
Intercept	85960,376	1	85960,376	13754,651	,000
Test GAYA	69,347 269,938	2 2	34,674 134,969	5,548 21,597	,010 ,000
Test * GAYA	5,687	4	1,422	,228	,921
Error	168,738	27	6,250		
Total Corrected	86474,087 513,711	36 35			
Total	313,711	33			

a. R Squared = ,672 (Adjusted R Squared = ,574)

From the table above can be explained things as follows.

- a. The value of the Fcorrected model of 6,900 and its significance of 0,000 indicates that there are significant variations of Vo2Max by Test and exercise style at a significance level of 5% (0.05).
- b. The Ftest value of 5,548 and its significance of 0.010 indicates that there are significant variations of Vo2Max by Test (Pretest, Cycle I Test and Cycle II Test) and exercise style at 5% significance level (0.05).
- c. The Fgaya value of 21,597 and its significance of 0,000 indicates that there are significant variations of Vo2Max based on exercise style (Gergo Roman, Free Putra, and Free Princess) at a significance level of 5% (0.05).
- d. The FTest * style value of 0.228 and its significance of 0.921 indicates there is no significant Test and Style interaction in affecting Vo2Max. This means that the Test and Style each independently affect the variation of Vo2Max not interacting with each other.

The results showed the overall VO2 Max results from pretest 46.95%, the results of the first cycle test increased to 49.43%, and the results of the second cycle test to be better again reached 50.21%. VO2 Max.

Seeing the results of the VO2 Max test above shows that the endurance of the wrestling athlete shows that the training interval endurance training methods and training programs provided to athletes are appropriate, that a high degree of aerobic ability is a prerequisite for enhancing performance [5].

IV. CONCLUSION

The conclusion of this study is that endurance training (run interval) can increase VO2 Max Atlet Wrestling Indonesia, VO2 Max increase overall from, result of pretest 46,95%, result of test of Cycle I increased to equal to 49, 43%, and the second cycle test results become more good again reached 50,21%.

REFERENCES

- A. Elsam, Anusopati, "The influence of jogging training to VO2Max among low and normal haemoglobin groups of SMA Negeri 8 Bogor students", Journal SEGAR, Volume 3(2) pp. 80, 2015.
- [2] Bompa T. O, "Total training for young champions", USA: Human Kinetik, 2000.
- [3] D. Aerenhouts, E. Zinzen, and P. Clarys, "Energy expenditure and habitual physical activities in adolescent sprint athletes", Journal of Sports Science and Medicine 10, pp. 362, 2011.
- [4] Friskawati, "The ability of VO2Max among freshies in physical education students of Pasundan Cimahi 2016/2017", Journal of Indonesia Physical education and Sport Vol 2(2), 2016.
- [5] Y. Meckel, D. Bishop, M. Rabinovich, L. Kaufman, D. Nemet and A. Eliakim, "Repeated sprint ability in elite water polo player and swimmer and its relationship to aerobic and anerobic performance", Journal of sport science and medicine 12, pp. 738-743, 2013.
- [6] Harsono, "Physical training", Bandung: FPOK UPI, 2001.
- [7] Jesse E. Otero, C. M. Graves, and M. J. Bollier, Jurnal US National Library of Medicine National Institutes of Health, Volume 32, pp. 65, 2017.



- Juhanis, "Dings skill waist in wrestling sport", Journal of
- Indonesia Physical Education and Sport Vol 2 (2), 2016. Mysidayu, Kurniawan, "Basic of coaching sciences", Bandung: [9] Alfabeta, 2015.
- [10] R. Hadi, "Basic of coaching sciences", Semarang: Rumah Indonesia, 2007.
- [11] R. Hadi, "Defensive sports of gulat", Semarang: Fastindo, 2017.
- Sukadiyanto, "Theory and methodology of physical training", Yogyakarta: FIK UNY, 2005.
- [13] Suhendro, "Main material of basic of coaching", Jakarta : UT,
- [14] T. Juliantine, "Modul of training theory", Bandung: UPI, 2007.