

9. Proceeding acpes2015-204- 209.pdf

by

Submission date: 20-Jan-2020 07:17AM (UTC+0700)

Submission ID: 1243772495

File name: 9. Proceeding acpes2015-204-209.pdf (552.23K)

Word count: 2968

Character count: 16463

EVALUATION OF AMATEUR BOXING NATIONAL CHAMPIONSHIPS IN INDONESIA

Soedjatkiko

Department of Sports Coaching Education, Faculty of Sports Sciences, Semarang State University,
Central Java 50229, Indonesia

jatkiko_unnes@yahoo.com

Abstract

Boxing championship is the most appropriate purpose to measure the achievements of amateur boxers. Implementation of a boxing must run accordingly with the rules of the game rules. In Indonesian boxing championship should receive more attention in to run the game accordingly with the expected goals. The problems that emerge are [1]. How the antecedents implementation of the national amateur boxing championships in Indonesia [2]. How the transaction implementation of the national amateur boxing championships in Indonesia [3]. How the outcome of the implementation of the national amateur boxing championships in Indonesia. Implementation of championship boxing is the management of an organization that should be managed with good management. The hallmark of good management are planning, organizing, actuating and controlling. Implementation of championship boxing is set by world boxing body (AIBA) technical called AIBA and AIBA Rules competition rules. Amateur boxing championships in Indonesia still deepening needs through the research to check if it is run as planned or not. This type of research is the author of evaluative research. This study was directed to assess the success of the benefits, uses, donations and the feasibility of a program of activities of a particular organization. The population is all national amateur boxing championships of participants who included representatives from the central committee, technical committee, executive committee, Coach, boxers and Spectators. The sample in this study is 60 people were taken each group of 10 people. Data collected by questionnaires, interviews and documentation. The results Showed that [1]. Implementation antecedents of the national amateur boxing championships in Indonesia still needs to be improved. [2]. Transaction Implementation of national amateur boxing championships to be implemented a through step by step. [3]. Outcome boxing championship has not been as expected. The conclusion of this research is the implementation of the national amateur boxing championships in Indonesia still needs to be improved from the preparation, implementation and its outcome. Recommendations that the authors give is. Need to be made guidelines for the implementation of the national amateur boxing championships in Indonesia.

Keywords: boxing, events, evaluation

INTRODUCTION

Boxing event become to interesting event and have a lot of fans in Indonesia. There are so many people who love this sport, especially men both young and old. Even today women also began to participating in to boxing both as spectators and as athletes, coaches and referees. This condition is a potential chance that can be developed to improve the performance of the sport of amateur boxing.

Boxing is one of the branches of martial arts and including to unmeasured sport. To determine the boxer achievements is by means of the match. Source with the correct procedure is needed so the match can run smoothly. The purpose of sports coaching amateur boxing is an integral part of the sports movement in Indonesia. Amateur boxing is a sport based on indulgence

and exercise. The end goal is to establish a healthy physical and spiritual, sublime personality and increase the sense of high nationalism and patriotism, especially for the younger generation (PP. Pertina: 2012: 3).

Good boxing match will produce a talented boxer who will excel. Validity of the game is needed to allow the boxer who really excel to develop his talent. As a determinant of the success and achievements of boxers, boxing needs to be made as possible so that the desired objectives can be achieved.

The purpose of the game in addition to measure the achievement and the success of the exercise program. Implementation of the training program by the trainers always measured his progress through the program try in and try out. As a test event match also should be able to run well in order to increase achievement boxer can be seen clearly.

Amateur boxing is almost always competed at the multi-sport event party at national and international level. In the event the SEA Games, Asian Games and Olympic Games sports amateur boxing became mandatory that always competed. Number of class and general so increased. Beginning in 2005 women's boxing also be unveiled at the Sea Games XXII/2005 in the Philippines. This means opportunities amateur boxer Indonesia at operform better at international level.

Indonesian amateur boxer achievement declined over the last few decades. The decline of Indonesian boxer feat can be seen in their participation in the multi-event championships level international. The table below shows that the decline of Indonesian boxer's achievement in their participation at Sea Games. In order to more clearly see the table below:

Table 1. Performance at Nine times Indonesia boxer's participation in the SEA Games (1997-2013)

No	Multi Event	Coutry	Gold	Silver	Bronze	Class Total
1	Sea Games XIX/1997	Indonesia	6	0	4	10 Kelas Men
2	Sea Games XX/1999	Brunei Darussalam	1	3	4	10 Kelas Men
3	Sea Games XXI/2001	Malaysia	2	0	6	10 kelas Men
4	Sea Games XXII/2003	Vietnam	0	0	8	15 Kelas Men/Women
5	Sea Games XXIII/2005	Philippine	0	3	6	15 Kelas Men/Women
6	Sea Games XXIV/2007	Thailand	0	0	8	15 Kelas Men/Women
7	Sea Games XXV/2009	Laos	0	3	0	15 Kelas Men/Women
8	Sea Games XXVI/2011	Indonesia	2	1	7	15 Kelas Men/Women
9	Sea Games XXVII/2013	Myanmar	0	1	6	15 Kelas Men/Women

Source: Presentation of data Pertina Central Board in 2014.

Indonesian boxer's achievement according to the table above started to decrease when participated on the Sea Games. Indonesian boxer just got a gold medal at Sea Games XXVI was due to be the host. At the moment no host performance declined.

Subsequently presented the participation of Indonesian boxer's achievement at the Asian Games.

Table 2. Achievement Indonesian boxer participation for ten times in the Asian Games (1978-2014)

No	Event	Country	Gold	Silver	Bronze	Total Medal
1	Asian Games VIII/1978	Thailand	1	1	2	4
2	Asian Games IX/1982	India	0	0	0	0
3	Asian Games X/1986	Korea Selatan	0	1	0	1
4	Asian Games XI/1990	China	1	0	2	3
5	Asian Games XII/1994	Japan	0	0	2	2
6	Asian Games XIII/1998	Thailand	0	2	0	2
7	Asian Games XIV/2009	Korea Selatan	0	0	0	0

8	Asian Games XV/2011	Qatar	0	0	0	0
9	Asian Games XVI/2013	China	0	0	0	0
10	Asian Games XVII/2014	Korea Selatan	0	0	0	0

Source: Presentation of data Pertina Central Board in 2014.

Indonesian boxer feat decline was also seen at the Asian Games event. From ten times participation, Indonesian boxer twice to win six gold. Namely the Asian Games VIII in 1978 and the Asian Games in 1990. The Indonesian boxer XI last time won two silver medals at the Asian Games XIII in 1998. After that on four occasions until the last Asian Games in 2014 yesterday Indonesian boxer could not afford to donate a piece achievements.

Pertina Central Board reported that many games that ended with the commotion and unrest that led to the goal the match was not achieved as it should be. Commotion much cause losses both material and non-material losses. These conditions must be rectified so in the future, the games can run smoothly and achieve goals as expected. (PP. Pertina: 2014).

The purpose of this study is to determine how the implementation of the national amateur boxing championships in Indonesia in the review of Preparation, execution and supervision. The benefits of this research are to provide a national overview of the implementation of amateur boxing championships in Indonesia compared to ideal conditions that exist. From the evaluation it is expected to have recommendations for the implementation of national amateur boxing championships ideal.

Amateur boxing has been using computer-based assessment. Since 1992 the world amateur boxing Agency has used computer games to determine victory boxer numbers. Ratings computer always corrected periodically and the latest use "AIBA computer system". In every game that is recognized by AIBA should use cameras from four angles. All of the equipment intended to safe guard the objectivity and confidence of the participants of the game.

METHODS

This type of research is the author of evaluative research. Evaluative research is research that aims to remedy gathering information about what is happening, which is the real condition of the feasibility plan that requires evaluation. This study was directed to assess the success, the benefits, uses, donations and the feasibility of a activity program of a unit or institution.

Evaluative research is an evaluation exercise but follow the norms that apply to research. Norm in question is the requirement Scientifics, followed systematics and methodology correctly so it can be accounted for. Evaluative studies have their uses, namely: [1]. Adding a research-based knowledge about a particular practice. 2). Develop research about certain practices [2]. The corner stone in decision-making in certain activities. The design study is evaluation model developed Stake. The research model developed stake consists of the following steps: [1]. Antecedent, [2]. Transaction [3]. Outcomes.

The population in this study were all participants of the national championship amateur boxing elite men / women 2014 national championship amateur boxing elite men / women is held from 2 to 9 November 2014 in the field Karemposi Makassar South Sulawesi. Number of boxers, trainers, technical committee, executive committee and representatives of the central Board Pertina numbered 224 people. Whereas Average daily audience numbered 250 people. Samples used are taking each five people to represent the groups above are taken at random. So the total sample of 30 people. The sample technique used is proportional random sampling stratified.

The instrument used in this study, there are three kinds: Observations, questionnaires and field documentation. Data analysis is done by the quantitative data were analyzed with quantitative Statistically. While the qualitative data was analyzed by qualitative analysis. Results of quantitative

analysis used to determine the success of the program by first analyzed by analysis of product moment. This analysis is to see the correlations between the discription of the judgment.

RESULTS AND DISCUSSION

This research was held at Bina Taruna swimming pool on 4th November 2015 until 5th December 2015 for 5 weeks. Respondent were children at Preparation level. Total of children in Preparation level were 21 children with 4 boys and 17 girls. Eight respondent didn't join one of the short term memory test, so we're not included them in this study. Respondent who joined the study until the end of session were 13 children.

The results showed that the preparation of the implementation still needs to be repaired again. Data documents show that implementation was not well planned. This fact is evident from the invitation of the organizing committee presented just three weeks ahead of the implementation of the championship. As a result, the participant could not prepare for the maximum in the national championship amateur boxing.

The correct organization including Pertina organization should plan their activities for a year arranged in a container organization called the National Labour Council (Mukernas). In these deliberations followed by the entire board Pertina provinces across Indonesia. Determination of host and organizer of amateur boxing national championships held on the implementation of a national working meeting held a year earlier. (AD / ART Pertina: 18).

Planning is the preparation of a pattern of the activities of the future that integrated and pre determined. Planning requires the ability to forecast, visualize and look forward fortified with specific objectives. Planning functions comprise the fundamental function of management. (Terry: 2006).

Implementation and organization of the game are still have many shortcomings that need to be repaired in order to increase the confidence of participants of the match. There are no standard operating procedures in the administration of amateur boxing national championships. Standard operating procedures are needed for governance of the game running as expected. These standards are to reduce suspicions participants and spectators who watched the match boxing match at the time.

According to Robinson L. in Sony T. Trilaksono (2009) Good organization characterized by the following characteristics: [1] Strong leadership [2] Competency Resource [3] Proper and adequate human [4] Organizational structure, processes and resources appropriate and adequate [5] The existence of both internal and external satisfaction [6] Is a learning organization. In order for the implementation of the national amateur boxing championships to run smoothly then the six points mentioned above should be improved and adapted to the prevailing regulations.

Match fixtures also be the cause of hampered match. Completeness of the game serves as a boxer safety. Equipment also serves to instill confidence about the match participants objectivity and transparency in the match. The completeness of the equipment will help facilitate official game match in their duties. Supplies games that suitable with the standards required by the executive committee held a match under the supervision of a sport governing body (AIBA: 2012).

Weak human resources is also an obstacle that must be repaired in the implementation of amateur boxing national championships. Not all of the referee / judge and jury duty have the same skills and experience. Educational level technical committee still needs to be improved further matches. The goal is to have all the information about the development of the game rules and technical regulations to be followed by the referee / judges and other technical committees to run well. Inputs provided by the supervisor can be understood and implemented correctly.

The outcome of the national championship amateur boxing in Indonesia has not shown the expected results. Outcome administration in the form of championships report is still not implemented properly. Impressed the match finished so everything was done without any report of

championships as well as the execution of another event. Documentation championship just a photo picture of activities that are not intact. Championship outcome document is not well documented. Consequently Pertina Central Board doesn't have not enough data to construct achievement data boxers.

Evaluation is an important step in the management process a sporting event. Evaluation of the programs implemented raises advantages and showed weakness weaknesses of existing programs. Of the evaluation will be used to develop programs in the form of the next event.

CONCLUSION AND SUGGESTION

Evaluation of the implementation of the national amateur boxing championships in Indonesia can be summed up as: [1]. Preparation of national amateur boxing championships in Indonesia needs to be repaired from the central committee and the executive committee. [2]. Implementation of the national amateur boxing championships in Indonesia needs to be repaired from the procedure, human resources, equipment and the implementation of the rules match the right. [3]. Supervision of the implementation of the national amateur boxing championships also needs to be improved by extending Documentation matches, championships and a general evaluation report championships.

The conclusion of the study is that poor management of the game will affect [1]. The number of people who participate in the sport of amateur boxing. [2]. Indonesian amateur boxer achievement at national and international level [3]. Audience participation and sponsorship that will assist the implementation of the national amateur boxing championships in Indonesia.

Suggestions that the authors propose in this study were: [1]. Implementation of the national amateur boxing championships in Indonesia should be improved from the start of preparation, implementation and control. [2]. Implementation of the national amateur boxing championships to be based technical AIBA Rules, AIBA Competition Rules and Statutes and Rules of stairs Pertina. [3]. Need to be made standard operational procedures for the implementation of the national championship of amateur boxing in Indonesia.

ACKNOWLEDGMENT

This study is apreliminary research for the preparation of a dissertation at the Graduate Program, Semarang State University. The author would like to thank for all those who used as a source of research data. All participants to the national amateur boxing championships Elite Men/Women 2014 in Makassar, Southern Sulawesi. Our thanks goes to the distinguished 1). Chairman of the PP Pertina Drs. Ali Reza H., 2). Secretary General of the PP Pertina Mr. Martines and 3). Chairman of the PP Referee Pertina Drs. Agung Samsul Hadi. And for all those who already assisted in the implementation of this research that the author can not mention one by one.

REFERENCES

- AIBA,2012. *Association International de Boxe Amateur Technical Rules*. Jakarta: Central Board Pertina.
- Depdiknas, 2003. *Sports History Indonesia*. Jakarta: Directorate General of Sports.
- Eckehard, Fozzy, Morit, 2008. Holistic Inovasion in Sport. Journal : ([http://link Springer.com](http://link.springer.com). accessed April, 2. 2015).
- Edison, 2009.*ResearchandEvaluation inthe Field of Education, Evaluation CIPP* (<http://ed150n5.blogspot.com/2009/05/evaluasi-cipp.html>, accessed February 11. 2015).
- Fox, Edward, L. Mathew, Donald K. 1981. *The physiology of Physical Basic Education and Athletics*. Philadelphia: Saunders College Publishing.

- Hughes, Richard L., 2005. *Becoming a Strategic Leader: Your Role In Your Organization's Enduring Success*, McGraw-, New York.
- Kemenpora, 2007. *Law Num 3 of 2015 National Sports System*. Jakarta: Kemenpora Legal Bureau of the Republic of Indonesia.
- KONI, 2014. *Grand National Achievement Sports Development Strategy 2014 -2024*. Jakarta: KONI Center.
- Kerlinger, Fred N., 2000. *Principles of Research Behavioral*. Jogjakarta: Gajah Mada University Press.
- KONI Research and Development, 2014. *Analysis of Strengths, Challenges, Opportunities and Strategies Indonesia Toward Multi Event*. Jakarta: KONI.
- Narendra, Mayun, 2000. *Art Sports Boxing*. Jakarta. Board of Pertina.
- Philip Lane, 2010. *The Transparent Leadership strategy is to build the Great Company. Through Communication, Transparency, and Accountability*. Jakarta : PT Gramedia.
- Rashid, Abdul, 2002. *Handbook For Sport Boxing with IlmiahMethods* Jakarta: Board of Pertina.
-, 2002. *Become Perfect Boxing Referee Judge*. Jakarta: Board of Pertina.
- Sony, T.Trilaksono, 2009. *Subject Matter Competency-Based Human Sumbardaya Managemen*, Yogyakarta: MM UGM. [un publish]
- Tudor O, Bomp, 2001. *Theory and Methodology of Training*. Toronto: Kendall Hunt Publishing Company.



9. Proceeding acpes2015-204-209.pdf

ORIGINALITY REPORT

0%

SIMILARITY INDEX

0%

INTERNET SOURCES

0%

PUBLICATIONS

%

STUDENT PAPERS

PRIMARY SOURCES

Exclude quotes Off

Exclude bibliography On

Exclude matches < 2%